

# POLICY SUMMARY.

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This policy is provided by Legal & General Assurance Society Limited.

## OVERVIEW

The policy is designed to meet the demands and needs of people who wish to help protect against the financial impact of your incapacity on you or your family's lifestyle. The monthly benefit is designed to be used to help cover monthly mortgage or rent payments, or other living expenses.

The policy is designed to pay you a regular monthly benefit if you can't work due to incapacity caused by an illness or an injury which results in loss of earnings, or are unable to carry out at least 3 daily living activities, if you work less than 16 hours per week, are not in paid employment or are not working at the time of claim.

If you return to work after a claim, your cover will continue until the policy ends or you die, whichever comes first.

When you become incapacitated there is an initial period of time when we don't pay a monthly benefit which we call the deferred period.

If you don't review your policy regularly, there could come a time when your cover is not enough to meet your needs.

If your earnings do not support your chosen cover and/or you receive continuing income, your monthly benefit may be reduced at the time of claim. If this happens, we will not refund any difference in premiums.

The monthly benefit may affect your claim to some means-tested state benefits, for example it could reduce your Universal Credit entitlement, unless the policy is taken out to cover your mortgage and the monthly benefit is used for mortgage repayments. Your entitlement to employment related non-means tested state benefits (such as contributory Employment and Support Allowance) shouldn't be affected. However, state benefit rules may change.

The monthly benefit we pay out under your policy may affect your claim to benefits paid out under other income protection policies. You cannot take this policy out if you have not been registered with a GP in the United Kingdom for at least the last two years.

This Policy Summary is only a brief guide to the cover and exclusions. You will find full details in the Policy Booklet which will form the basis of our contract with you.



## WHAT IS COVERED?

You will be covered if you meet our definition of incapacity:

If you work more than 16 hours per week, and are paid for your work, your incapacity definition will be own occupation. This means if, due to illness or injury, you're unable to work in your own occupation and you're not following any other occupation, we'll consider you to be incapacitated.

If you work less than 16 hours per week, are not in paid employment or are not working at the time of claim, we will consider you to be a houseperson. Your incapacity definition will be Activities of Daily Living (ADL). This means if, due to illness or injury and in our opinion, you're unable to carry out at least three of the following activities, we'll consider you to be incapacitated.

### Activities list

**Walking** – The ability to walk more than 200 metres on a level surface.

**Climbing** – The ability to climb up a flight of 12 stairs and down again, using the handrail if needed.

**Lifting** – The ability to pick up an object weighing 2kg at table height and hold for 60 seconds before replacing the object on the table.

**Bending** – The ability to bend or kneel to touch the floor and straighten up again.

**Getting in and out of a car** – The ability to get into a standard saloon car, and out again.

**Writing** – The manual dexterity to write legibly using a pen or pencil, or type using a desktop personal computer keyboard.

We'll pay your monthly benefit for the duration of a valid claim until you recover and are no longer incapacitated, your policy ends, or you die, whichever happens first.



## WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

You are not covered if you don't give us full and honest answers to the questions we ask you before your policy starts. Please don't assume that we'll contact your doctor to find out your full medical details.

- We may restrict some elements of cover based on the information that you give us. If we do this we'll tell you what we've excluded in your Policy Booklet under the heading 'When we will not pay a claim'.
- This policy has no cash value and we will not pay out if you reach the end of your policy without making a valid claim.
- If you stop paying your premiums your cover will end 60 days after the first missed premium.
- This policy does not include unemployment cover, and therefore will not pay out if you become unemployed.

## WHAT IF YOU NEED TO MAKE A CLAIM?

It's important **you contact us as soon as possible when you need to make a claim**, as it can take us time to gather all the information we need. For us to fully assess your claim, we'll need to receive all the information we request from both you and any third party (such as a Doctor). We want to avoid delays to your benefit being paid, so please help us to do this as quickly as possible.

Key points to know about the claims process:

- **Contact us to make a claim as soon as you're unable to work** if you believe your illness or injury will likely continue past your chosen deferred period. You can contact us:
  - online via My Account at [landg.com/myaccount](https://landg.com/myaccount)
  - or call us on **0800 027 9830**.
- So we can assess your claim, we'll ask you to send us details of your illness or injury. We'll also ask for your permission to contact your doctor for medical information and ask for contact details for your doctor. We'll also need contact details for your employer and proof of earnings, as well as any other relevant information. Please provide this as soon as you can, so we can help you as quickly as possible.
- We sometimes rely on third parties such as healthcare providers and the NHS to provide evidence, which can mean delays to when your claim will be assessed.
- Your benefit will be paid on a monthly basis in arrears. This means we aim to send your first payment 1 month after the end of your deferred period. This is the minimum number of weeks we'll wait before we start paying your monthly benefit. However, this may be delayed if it takes longer for us to be notified, or to assess and approve your claim, meaning that your claim may not be paid out immediately. This is more likely if you've chosen a short deferred period, such as 4 or 8 weeks.
- If this happens, we'll make your first payment as soon as possible after your claim has been accepted as well as any backdated payments due in line with the terms and conditions. It's important you consider any financial arrangements you need to make so you can continue paying your bills until your claim can be paid.
- When you make a claim, we use your income from just before you became sick or injured to work out your monthly benefit. This means if you've changed your hours or are earning less than you were when your policy started, your monthly benefit might be lower. It's important to regularly review your cover to make sure it still meets your needs. So, if your income increases or decreases, you may want to review your Income Protection Benefit.
- If you're experiencing financial difficulties, please let your claims assessor know.

More information can be found in your policy booklet.

# ABOUT YOUR POLICY.

## YOUR PREMIUMS

### Guaranteed premiums

Your premiums will increase each year in line with your age at the policy anniversary date. The premiums shown in your Personal Quote will not change unless you make any changes to your policy.

### Increasing premiums

If you choose an increasing policy your premiums will increase each year in line with your age at the policy anniversary date. They will also increase in line with the change in the Retail Prices Index (RPI) multiplied by 1.5 subject to a maximum increase of 15% per annum. The RPI provides an indication of inflation on a monthly basis.

If you choose to add Private Diagnostics it will not be included as part of the review.

If you choose to add Fracture Cover it will not be included as part of the review.

## AGE LIMITS

The minimum length of the policy is 10 years but it cannot end before your 50th birthday.

You can take this policy out from your 18th birthday until your 60th birthday. The policy must end before your 70th birthday, or your planned retirement date, whichever is earlier.

There may be certain occupations that have limitations on the length of the policy.

## YOUR COVER

### Level cover

Your amount of cover will stay the same unless you change it.

**Increasing cover**

If you choose an increasing policy, we'll give you the option every year to increase the monthly benefit you're covered for by the change in the Retail Prices Index (RPI) up to a maximum of 10% of your current monthly benefit, without the need for further medical evidence. This policy is designed to protect your monthly benefit against inflation. The maximum monthly benefit is £7,000 per month (£ 84,000 per year). Your premiums may be higher as you have chosen this option.

The RPI is a way of measuring the impact of inflation on family budgets and is published by the Government.

Your premium will increase at a different rate to your monthly benefit because it's indexed by the changes in the RPI multiplied by 1.5 up to a maximum of 15% of your current premium. This takes into account the fact that the likelihood of claiming increases as you get older.

If the change to the RPI is less than 1% then both your premium and monthly benefit will stay the same until the next review.

If you decide not to increase the monthly benefit you're covered for, we won't offer you this option again.

If you choose to add Private Diagnostics it will not be included as part of the review.

If you choose to add Fracture Cover it will not be included as part of the review.

## MONTHLY BENEFIT

The table below shows how the maximum monthly benefit that you can qualify for at the start of your policy is calculated. We do not cover 100% of your total gross earnings because currently tax and national insurance are not deducted from your monthly benefit.

Remember that if you need to claim we'll calculate the maximum monthly benefit at claim based on your earnings immediately before you are incapacitated.

<b>How to calculate the maximum monthly benefit you can choose at the start of your policy</b>	<b>Example 1 Total Gross Annual Income = £40,000</b>	<b>Example 2 Total Gross Annual Income = £65,000</b>
60% of gross annual income up to and including £60,000	<b>£40,000 x 60% = £24,000</b>	<b>£60,000 x 60% = £36,000</b>
50% of gross annual income over £60,000	N/A	£65,000 - £60,000 = £5,000 <b>50% x £5,000 = £2,500</b>
Maximum monthly benefit at the start of your policy	$£24,000 \div 12$ (months) <b>= £2,000 monthly benefit</b>	$£36,000 + £2,500 = £38,500$ $£38,500 \div 12$ (months) <b>= £3,208 monthly benefit</b>

### Maximum Monthly Benefit

The maximum monthly benefit we allow is £10,000 per month (up to a maximum of £120,000 per year), less any deductions we may apply.

The maximum monthly benefit if you:

- choose an increasing policy is £7,000 per month (up to a maximum of £84,000 per year).
- are considered to be a houseperson; working less than 16 hours per week, are not in paid employment or not working at the time of claim, is £1,666.67 per month (up to a maximum of £20,000 per year).
- are self-employed for less than 12 months, is 35% of your gross earnings (up to £120,000 per year).

## HOW DOES MY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AFFECT ME?

If you're employed when claiming we will pay your monthly benefit based on your pre-tax earnings for PAYE assessment purposes (including P11D benefits – benefits in kind and any dividends from a private limited company) in the 12 months before you become unable to work.

If you're self-employed when claiming we will pay your monthly benefit based on your share of the annual pre-tax profits. This is the total income from the business less any allowable expenses as permitted under HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) guidelines.

If you are self-employed for more than 36 months prior to a claim, we'll calculate your yearly earnings based on your average yearly pre-tax profit over three completed years prior to incapacity. If you're self-employed for less than 36 months before a claim we'll calculate your yearly earnings based on your average yearly pre-tax profit during the period of self-employment prior to incapacity.

We will ask for evidence of your earnings if you claim.

## WHAT OTHER INCOME DO I NEED TO CONSIDER?

Continuing income will be deducted from your chosen monthly benefit or the maximum monthly benefit calculated at the time of claim, whichever is greater.

You need to consider the following continuing income when calculating your chosen monthly benefit at the start of your policy, as this will be taken off the monthly benefit payable when you claim:

- 60% of continuing gross income received, such as sick pay
- 60% of dividends received from a private business to represent your share in net trading profit
- 60% of gross income from investments, if this is taken into account in determining your earnings for the monthly benefit
- 60% of ill-health pension/early retirement schemes that would pay you a benefit as a result of incapacity
- Any regular payments to which you're entitled from any other insurance policy due to incapacity. Regular payments from other insurance policies received as a result of death, terminal illness or critical illness will not be taken into consideration.

We won't reduce the monthly benefit due to income from savings.

The benefit we pay may affect your claim to some means-tested State benefits. Any employment related non-means tested State benefits (such as contributory Employment and Support Allowance (ESA) and Statutory Sick Pay) will not be deducted from the monthly benefit.

## THE INCOME GUARANTEE

The monthly benefit at claim stage is calculated based on your earnings immediately before you were incapacitated, not your earnings at the start of your policy. This could mean that if your earnings go down, you may not receive what you expect. To help protect your chosen monthly benefit that you select at the start of your policy, we include the Income Guarantee at no extra cost.

We'll base the Income Guarantee on the lower of £1,500 per month or your chosen monthly benefit at the start of your policy.

This could be made up of a combination of your continuing income alongside the monthly benefit provided by your policy. Continuing income you receive whilst incapacitated will be deducted from the chosen monthly benefit, or the maximum monthly benefit calculated at the time of claim, whichever is greater. The monthly benefit payable will never be more than the monthly benefit as shown in your Policy Booklet. If the chosen monthly benefit was more than £1,500 per month and the maximum monthly benefit at claim is less than £1,500 per month, any continuing income will be deducted from the Income Guarantee.

The monthly benefit payable will be re-assessed throughout your claim and adjusted to take into account any changes to your continuing income, to ensure that if your continuing income reduces or comes to an end, the monthly benefit payable will increase up to but not exceeding the chosen monthly benefit or £1,500 per month, whichever is lower.

The Income Guarantee will not apply if you are considered to be a houseperson; working less than 16 hours per week, are not in paid employment, or are not working at the time of claim.

If we reduce the monthly benefit payable at claim, we won't refund any of your premiums. Therefore it is important that you review your policy regularly to ensure that it meets your needs.



**Working Example – Scenario 1**

Peter earns £28,000 a year.

He can take out a plan for 60% of his annual gross income:

$$(\text{£}28,000 \times 60\%) = \text{£}16,800$$

This figure is then divided by 12 to work out the maximum monthly benefit that Peter can take out:

$$(\text{£}16,800 \div 12) = \text{£}1,400$$

Therefore, Peter decides to take out a policy with a monthly benefit of £1,400 and a deferred period of 26 weeks.

A few years later, Peter suffers an illness and is unable to work. At claim, we calculate the maximum monthly benefit based on Peter's new salary, which has reduced to £22,400 a year.

The maximum monthly benefit based on Peter's new salary is:

$$(\text{£}22,400 \times 60\% = \text{£}13,440 \div 12) \text{£}1,120 \text{ per month.}$$

However, due to the Income Guarantee, we will pay him his chosen monthly benefit of £1,400 per month.

If Peter receives any continuing income, we would need to take this into account. For example, if Peter has continuing income of £500 per month, then we would deduct 60% of this amount (£300) from the monthly benefit as calculated at claim:

$$\text{£}1,400 - \text{£}300 = \text{£}1,100$$

Therefore Peter would receive a monthly benefit of £1,100.

The Income Guarantee means that we will pay Peter a monthly benefit, which when added to his continuing income, guarantees he will receive the monthly benefit amount on his policy of £1,400.

If Peter is still claiming a monthly benefit when his continuing income stops altogether the monthly benefit we pay will increase up to the maximum benefit limit of £1,400 per month. This is the monthly benefit on Peter's policy.

**Working Example – Scenario 2**

Sarah earns £32,500 a year.

She can take out a plan for 60% of her annual gross income:

$$(\text{£}32,500 \times 60\%) = \text{£}19,500$$

This figure is then divided by 12 to work out the maximum monthly benefit that Sarah can take out:

$$(\text{£}19,500 \div 12) = \text{£}1,625$$

Therefore, Sarah decides to take out a policy with a monthly benefit of £1,625 and a deferred period of 26 weeks.

A few years later, Sarah suffers an illness and is unable to work.

At claim, we calculate the maximum monthly benefit based on Sarah's new salary, which has reduced to £26,000 a year.

The maximum monthly benefit based on Sarah's new salary is:

$$(\text{£}26,000 \times 60\% = \text{£}15,600 \div 12) \text{£}1,300 \text{ per month.}$$

However, because Sarah's chosen monthly benefit was greater than £1,500, with the Income Guarantee, we will pay her a monthly benefit of £1,500 per month.

If Sarah receives any continuing income, we would need to take this into account. For example, if Sarah has continuing income of £500 per month, then we would deduct 60% of this amount (£300) from the monthly benefit as calculated at claim:

$$\text{£}1,500 - \text{£}300 = \text{£}1,200$$

Therefore Sarah would receive a monthly benefit of £1,200.

The Income Guarantee means that we will pay Sarah a monthly benefit, which when added to her continuing income, guarantees that she will receive a monthly benefit amount of £1,500.

If Sarah is still claiming a monthly benefit when her continuing income stops altogether the monthly benefit we pay will increase up to the maximum benefit limit of £1,500 per month.

## DEFERRED PERIODS

When you take out your policy you will need to choose between five different deferred periods (4, 8, 13, 26 or 52 weeks). A deferred period is an initial period of time when you're unable to work and we don't pay any monthly benefit.

You should take into account any earnings which you'll receive once you stop working. You should also think about how long you're prepared to live on your savings.

For all deferred periods, if your claim is accepted after we have assessed it both medically and financially your monthly benefit payments will start one month after your deferred period ends and then will be paid monthly in arrears.

If you choose:

- A four week deferred period, you must tell us within two weeks of the start of incapacity.
- Any other deferred period, you must tell us within four weeks of the start of incapacity.

If you don't do this we may not backdate your claim.

Premiums must continue to be paid during your deferred period and whilst your claim is being processed. We'll tell you when you no longer need to pay your premiums and we will suspend them while we pay your monthly benefit. Any overpaid premiums will be returned to you. When your claim ends, you'll need to start paying your premiums again to make sure your cover continues.

## STEPPED BENEFIT

If you choose the Stepped Benefit option you are allowed to select two deferred periods, each with different monthly benefits.

This means you have a lower monthly benefit which then increases as your continuing income reduces.

The Stepped Benefit allows you the flexibility to tailor your policy to meet your personal circumstances. This could be useful if your employer continues to pay you a reduced income for the first few weeks or months of your incapacity. Any continuing income you receive will be taken into account when you claim and may reduce the monthly benefit you receive.

## LOW COST OPTION

If you choose the Low Cost Option this provides a way of keeping your premiums down by limiting the length of time your monthly benefit can be paid.

You can choose at outset between having a maximum benefit payment period for any individual claim of:

- 12 months, or
- 24 months.

Multiple claims can be made. Please see the Policy Booklet for more information.

If you are a houseperson, after the monthly benefit has been paid for the maximum benefit payment period, which does not need to be consecutive, your policy will end.

## BENEFITS FOR ALL POLICIES.

The following benefits can be added at the start of the policy for an additional cost. These benefits may have eligibility criteria and restrictions that apply.

### FRACTURE COVER

Optional, must be chosen at the start of the policy, as long as this is before your 64th birthday, and will be an additional cost.

This benefit is insured by AXIS Specialty Europe SE trading as AXIS Specialty London with all claims processed by Trusedoctor and can be renewed by you every 12 months. Fracture Cover is arranged through Legal & General Partnership Services Limited as agent of the insurer.

You can't choose this benefit if you already have it on any other Legal & General policy. You can cancel this benefit at any time and if you do the premium for your policy will be recalculated. This benefit cannot be reapplied to your policy.



### WHAT IS COVERED?

You will be covered for a specified diagnosed fracture, dislocated joint, ruptured tendon or ligament tear. The amount paid will vary depending on which part of the body is affected.

There is no limit to the number of claims you can make, however the maximum amount paid will be no more than £4,000 in any policy year.

Where you make a claim for multiple injuries as a result of the same event the policy will pay only the injury with the highest payment amount. There is no limit to the number of claims for separate events you can make during the term of the policy however the maximum amount the insurer will pay out for each person that is covered in any policy year is £4,000.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

- You will not be eligible for Fracture Cover if you are aged under 18 at the date the injury occurs.
- You can't claim if the injury occurs within seven days of the policy start date.
- Fracture Cover will end if the policy is cancelled or the benefit is removed.
- You will not be eligible for Fracture Cover if you have osteoporosis or pseudarthrosis.
- Certain types of fractures, dislocated joints, ruptured tendons and ligament tears are not covered.

Please see the Policy Booklet for full details of what is and is not covered.

## PRIVATE DIAGNOSTICS

Optional, must be chosen at the start of the policy and will be an additional cost.

This benefit is insured by AXIS Specialty Europe SE trading as AXIS Specialty London with all services provided by Trustedoctor and can be renewed by you every 12 months. Private Diagnostics is arranged through Legal & General Partnership Services Limited as agent of the insurer.

You can't choose this benefit if you already have it on any other Legal & General policy. You can cancel this benefit at any time and if you do the premium for your policy will be recalculated. This benefit cannot be reapplied to your policy.



## WHAT IS COVERED?

Private Diagnostics allows you access to a Specialist via the Trustedoctor portal, in order to speed up specialist consultations and diagnostic testing for Oncology, Cardiology or Neurosurgery.

- For each person that takes out the benefit, in any benefit renewal period, the cost of up to three (four when a biopsy is recommended as a result of a prior virtual consultation) virtual consultations will be covered for each unique investigation that is subject to the benefit request, as long as each separate virtual consultation is for a different symptom. If your child has a virtual consultation this will count towards the limit mentioned above.
- The cost of all non-invasive diagnostic tests that your specialist recommends will be covered.
- The cost of the following invasive diagnostic tests that the specialist recommends will be covered:
  - Biopsy
  - Endoscopy
  - Blood tests

These tests will be carried out in a UK private hospital or facility and will be sourced and arranged through the Trustedoctor customer portal.

This benefit also covers any of your children, provided the virtual consultation process starts before their 22nd birthday.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

- The cost of any virtual consultation or non-invasive diagnostic test that has not been arranged and authorised through the Trustedoctor portal and recommended by a specialist.
- The cost of any expenses for accommodation, travel or taking time off work to attend the virtual consultation or complete the approved non-invasive diagnostic tests.
- The cost of invasive diagnostic tests (except for biopsy, endoscopy and blood tests) even if recommended by a specialist.
- Any virtual consultation where symptoms began before the policy start date.
- Diagnostic tests for your child if before the policy start date:
  - Their symptoms existed; or
  - The illness or condition had occurred; or
  - Either parent received counselling or medical advice in relation to the condition or have been aware of the increased risk of the condition before the policy start date or before the legal adoption of the child.

Please see the Policy Booklet for full details of what is and is not covered.

The following benefits are automatically included at no extra cost. The following benefits may have eligibility criteria and restrictions that apply.

### LINKED CLAIMS



### WHAT IS COVERED?

If you need to claim again for the same or related cause of incapacity within 12 months of returning to your occupation, you are covered and the deferred period won't apply. There is no limit to the number of claims you can make.

If you choose the Low Cost Option a linked claim will only be possible if your most recent claim did not reach the maximum benefit payment period chosen at outset.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

You are not covered if you do not restart paying your premiums when your claim ends. You are not covered if you need to claim 12 months after returning to your occupation due to the same incapacity, you will have to wait until your deferred period ends.

## WAIVER OF PREMIUM



### WHAT IS COVERED?

You won't have to pay your premiums if you're incapacitated and receiving a monthly benefit.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

This does not cover your premiums during the deferred period.

## PROPORTIONATE BENEFIT



### WHAT IS COVERED?

We will pay you a proportion of your monthly benefit if you go back to work after claiming on reduced earnings as a result of your incapacity.

The monthly benefit we pay you will be reduced in proportion to the reduction in your earnings (from the 12 months before your incapacity). The Proportionate Benefit will end once your earnings return to your pre-incapacity level or your claim ends.

If you choose the Low Cost Option the Proportionate Benefit will only be payable if your most recent claim does not reach the maximum benefit payment period chosen at outset and will only be paid for the remainder of that period.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

We won't be able to pay you the Proportionate Benefit if you reduce your earnings due to incapacity before making a claim.

We won't pay you a higher monthly benefit than your chosen monthly benefit.

You won't be eligible to receive this benefit if:

- you choose the Low Cost Option and your most recent claim reaches the maximum benefit payment period chosen at outset.
- you're considered to be a houseperson; working less than 16 hours per week, are not in paid employment, or are not working at the time of claim, immediately before your incapacity.



## CONTINUOUS COVER



### WHAT IS COVERED?

If you're unemployed or on a career break and become incapacitated then:

- The definition of incapacity will be Activities of Daily Living (ADL). This means that you must be unable to carry out at least three of the activities as listed in the section headed "What is Covered?"
- The maximum monthly benefit we'll pay will drop to £1,666.67 per month.
- When you return to work the definition of incapacity in the event of a claim will be restored to that stated in your Policy Booklet.

If you're on maternity, paternity or adoption leave and become incapacitated then the definition of incapacity used will be own occupation.



### WHAT IS NOT COVERED?

- You will not be covered if you do not continue to pay your premiums whilst you're unemployed, on a career break, or on maternity, paternity or adoption leave.
- You can't claim because you're made unemployed.

## FURTHER INFORMATION

### CAN I MAKE CHANGES TO MY POLICY?

You can make changes to your policy. Please talk to us and we'll consider your request and let you know if what you're asking for is possible and what your new premium will be.

If you make any changes to your policy then a new policy may be set up and different terms and conditions could apply.

### CAN I INCREASE MY MONTHLY BENEFIT?

You can apply to increase your monthly benefit at anytime. Usually, changes to your amount of monthly benefit will be assessed at the time. However, if the 'Changing your policy' section is shown in your Policy Booklet then you can increase your cover, for certain life events, without the need to provide us with further medical information. Please see your Policy Booklet for further information. Eligibility criteria apply.

### ARE MONTHLY BENEFITS TAXED?

Any monthly benefits that we make should be free from UK Income Tax or National Insurance contributions. The Government may change this tax position at any time, which could affect the monthly benefit your policy pays out.

### WHAT HAPPENS IF I MOVE ABROAD?

Your policy will still pay out if you reside or travel in any of the countries of the European Union, USA, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands.

The policy will remain in force if you reside or travel for up to 12 consecutive months in any other part of the world, but the monthly benefit will only be payable for up to six calendar months if you need to claim.

### DO I NEED TO TELL YOU IF MY OCCUPATION CHANGES?

You don't need to tell us if you change your occupation or employment status during the length of your policy. Your definition of incapacity will be based on your employment status and occupation immediately prior to becoming incapacitated.

## WHAT IF I WANT TO CANCEL OR CLAIM?

You can cancel your policy at any time. When you first take out your policy you will have the opportunity to cancel. If you cancel within 30 days, we'll refund any premiums you've paid. If you cancel your policy at a later stage, you will not get any money back.

### To cancel or claim you can write to us at:

Claims or Cancellations Department, Legal & General Assurance Society Limited, City Park, The Droveaway, Hove, East Sussex BN3 7PY

Or call or email us:

- For Claims: 0800 027 9830\* [health.claims@landg.com](mailto:health.claims@landg.com)
- For Cancellations: 0370 010 4080 \*

### To make a claim for Fracture Cover or Private Diagnostics:

You need to register for and access the Trustedoctor customer portal via the links below:

Fracture Cover: [www.trustedoctor.com/landg-fracture-cover](http://www.trustedoctor.com/landg-fracture-cover)

Private Diagnostics: [www.trustedoctor.com/landg-private-diagnostics](http://www.trustedoctor.com/landg-private-diagnostics)

## HOW DO I COMPLAIN?

If you have a complaint about our service or would like a copy of our internal complaint handling procedure, please contact us at:

Legal & General Assurance Society Limited, Four Central Square, Cardiff CF10 1FS

**0370 010 4080 \***

Making a complaint doesn't affect your legal rights. If you're not happy with the way we handle your complaint, you can talk to the Financial Ombudsman Service at: Exchange Tower, London E14 9SR

**0800 023 4567**

**0300 123 9123**

**[complaint.info@financial-ombudsman.org.uk](mailto:complaint.info@financial-ombudsman.org.uk)**

**[www.financial-ombudsman.org.uk](http://www.financial-ombudsman.org.uk)**

To make a complaint about Fracture Cover or Private Diagnostics contact AXIS Specialty London at:

Complaints  
AXIS Specialty London  
C/o 52 Lime Street  
London  
EC3M 7AF

Tel: 0207 050 9000

Fax: 0207 050 9001

Email: [complaints@axiscapital.com](mailto:complaints@axiscapital.com)

\* Calls may be recorded and monitored Call charges may vary.

## THE FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPENSATION SCHEME (FSCS)

We are covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS). You may be entitled to compensation from the scheme if we cannot meet our obligations. Whether or not you are able to claim and how much you may be entitled to will depend on the specific circumstances at the time. For further information about the scheme please contact the FSCS at: **www.fscs.org.uk** or call them on: **0800 678 1100**.

## Alternative formats

If you would like a copy of this in large print, braille, PDF or in an audio format, call us on **0370 010 4080**. We may record and monitor calls. Call charges will vary.



[www.legalandgeneral.com](http://www.legalandgeneral.com)

### **Legal & General Assurance Society Limited**

Registered in England and Wales No. 00166055

**Registered office:** One Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AA

Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

### **Legal & General Partnership Services Limited**

Registered in England and Wales No. 00504500

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.